

Flourescence Signal

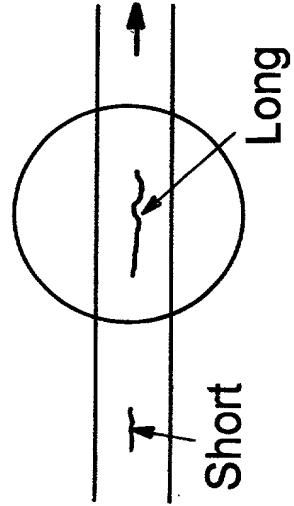
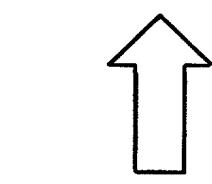
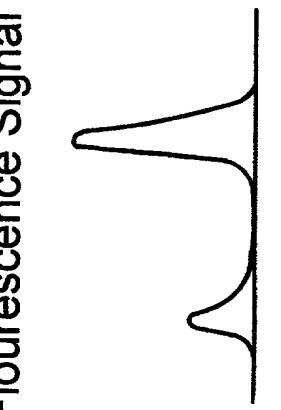


Fig. 1A

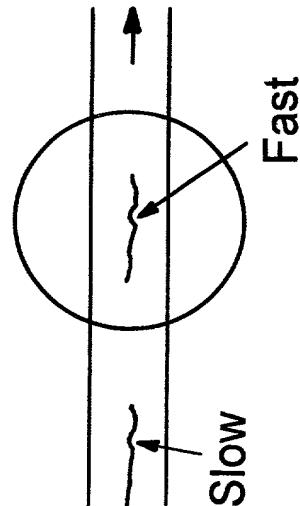
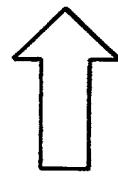
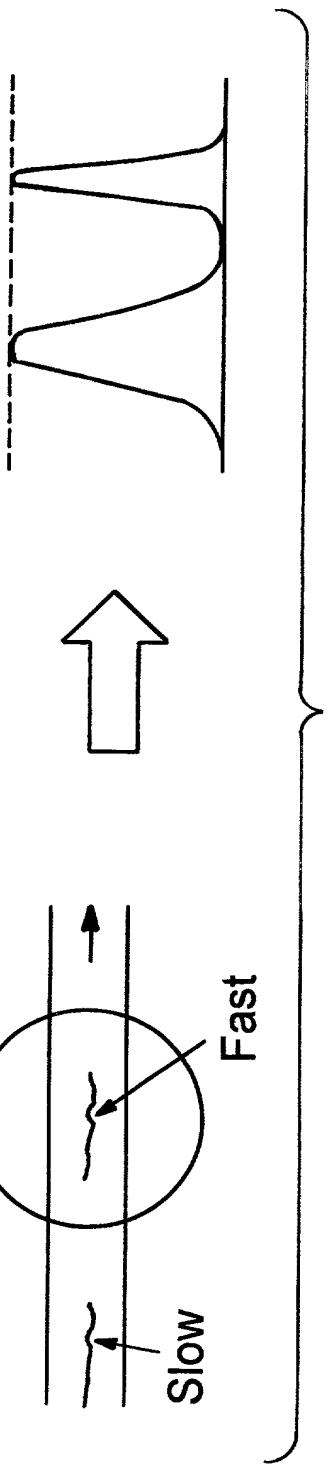
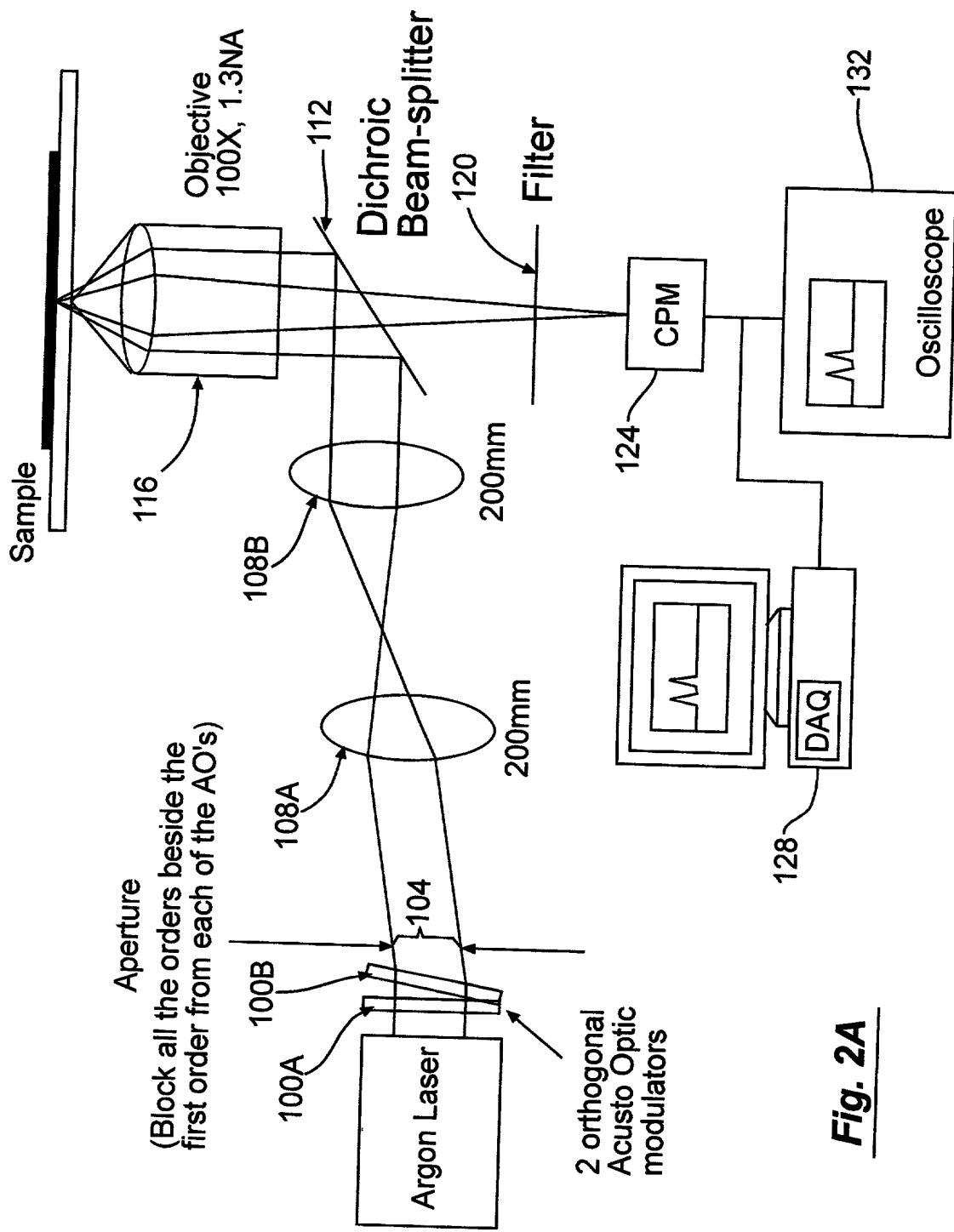


Fig. 1B

VIM - system



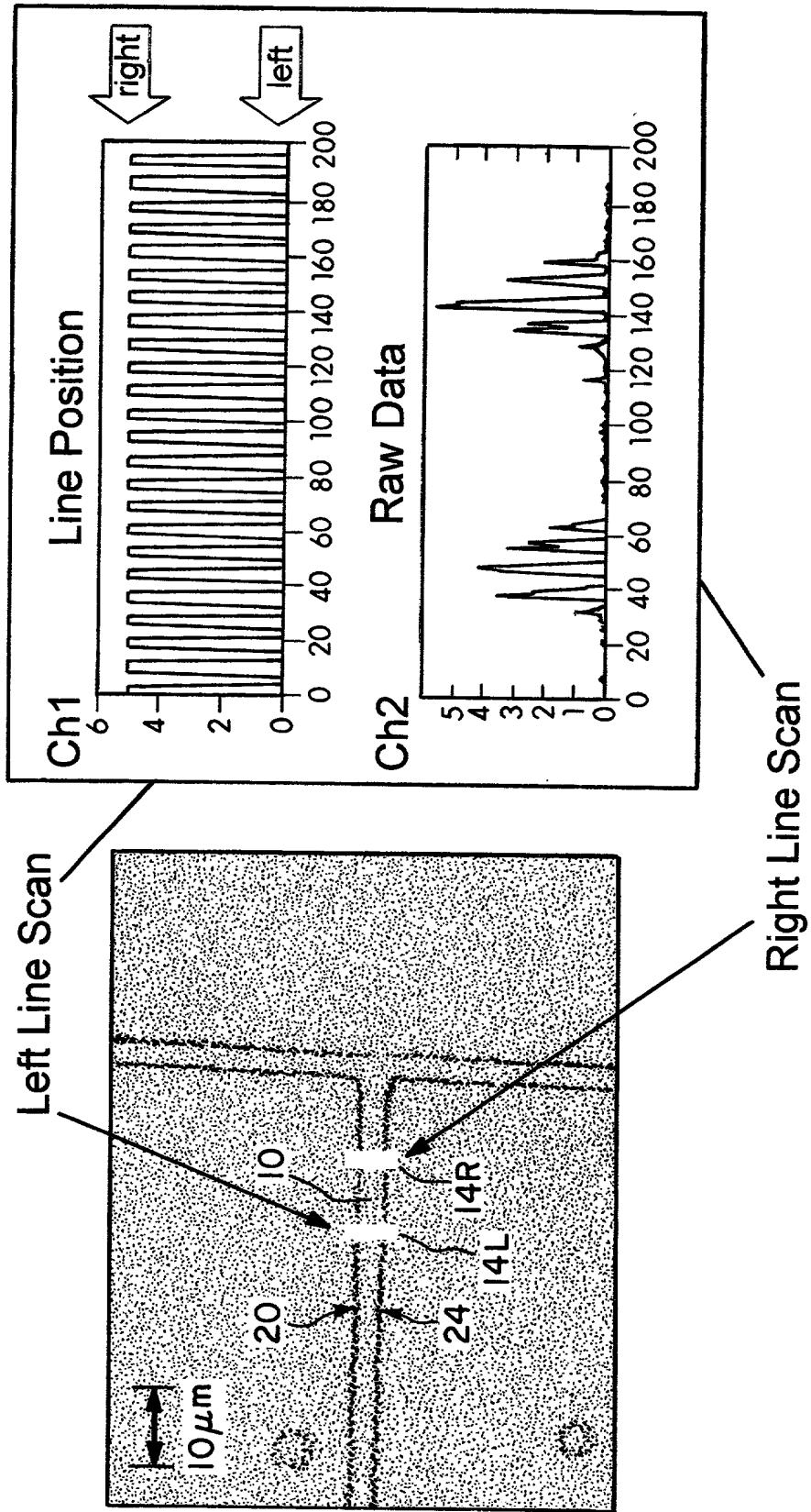


Fig. 2B

The beam after the two Acusto Optics Modulators

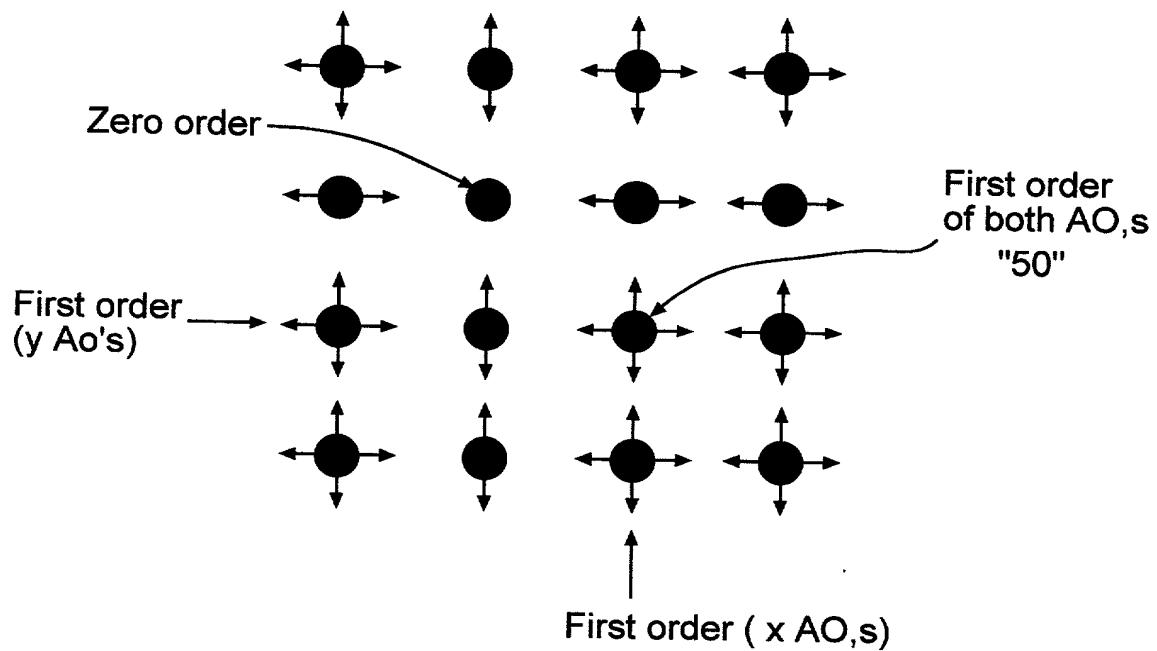


Fig. 2C

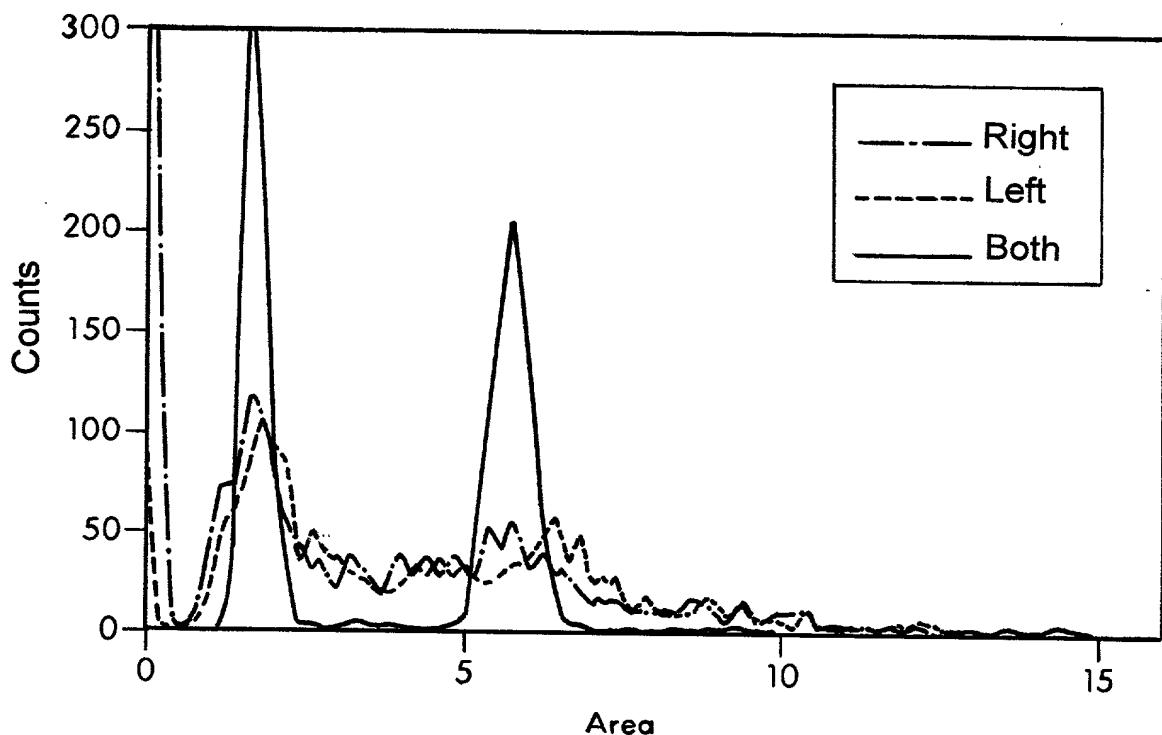


Fig. 3

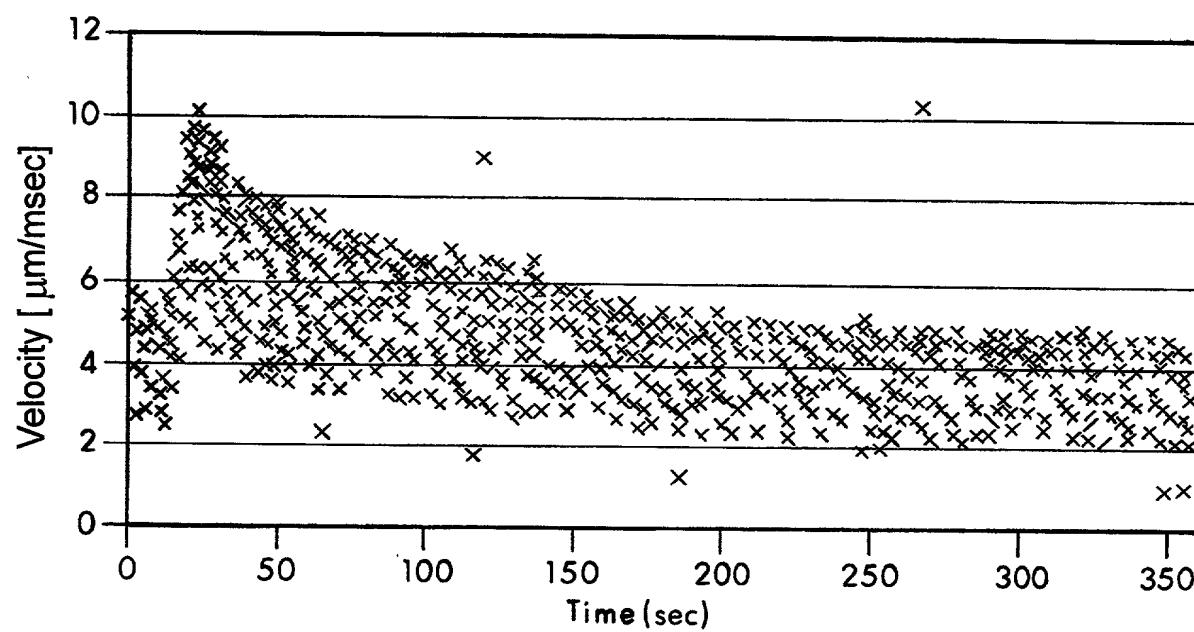


Fig. 4

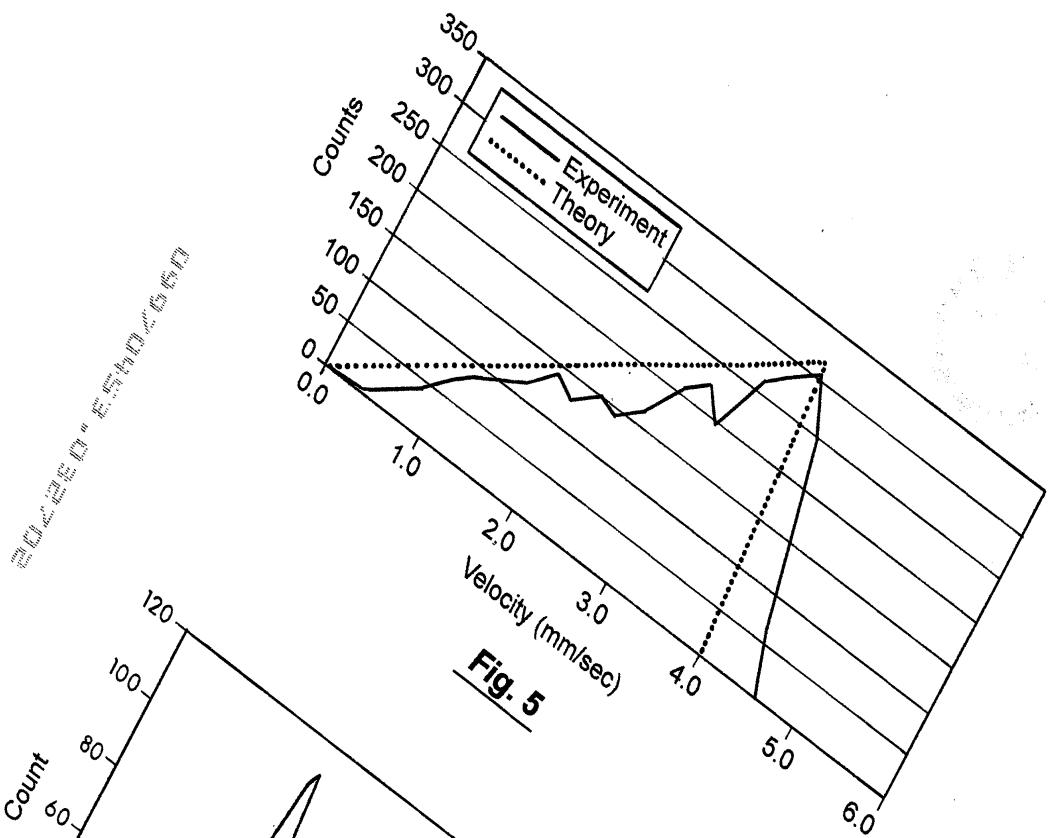


Fig. 5

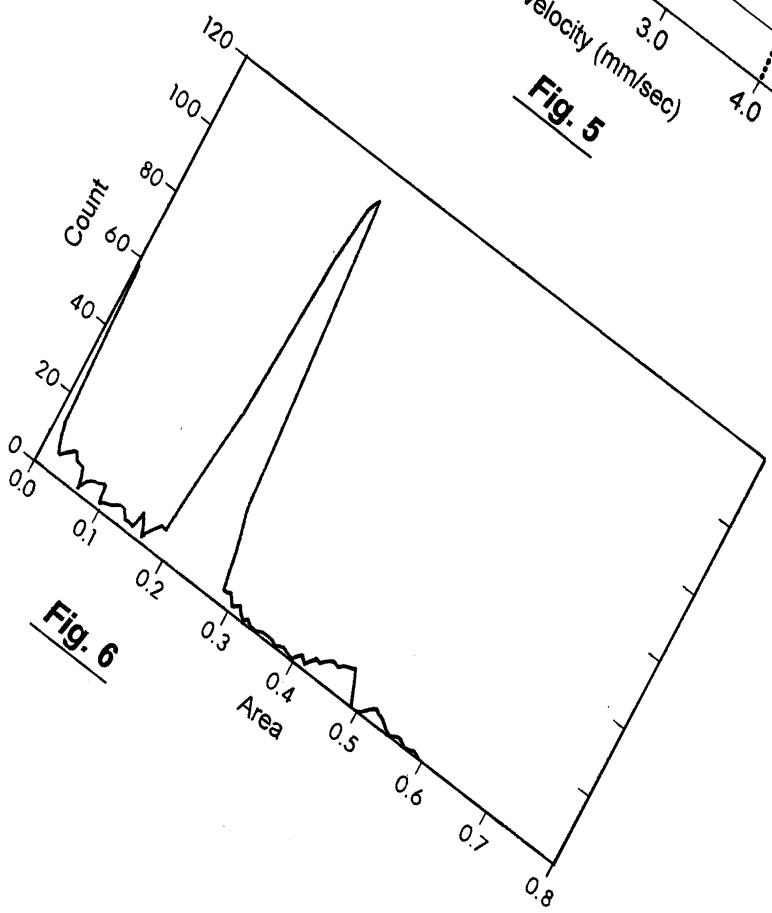


Fig. 6

ChDiv

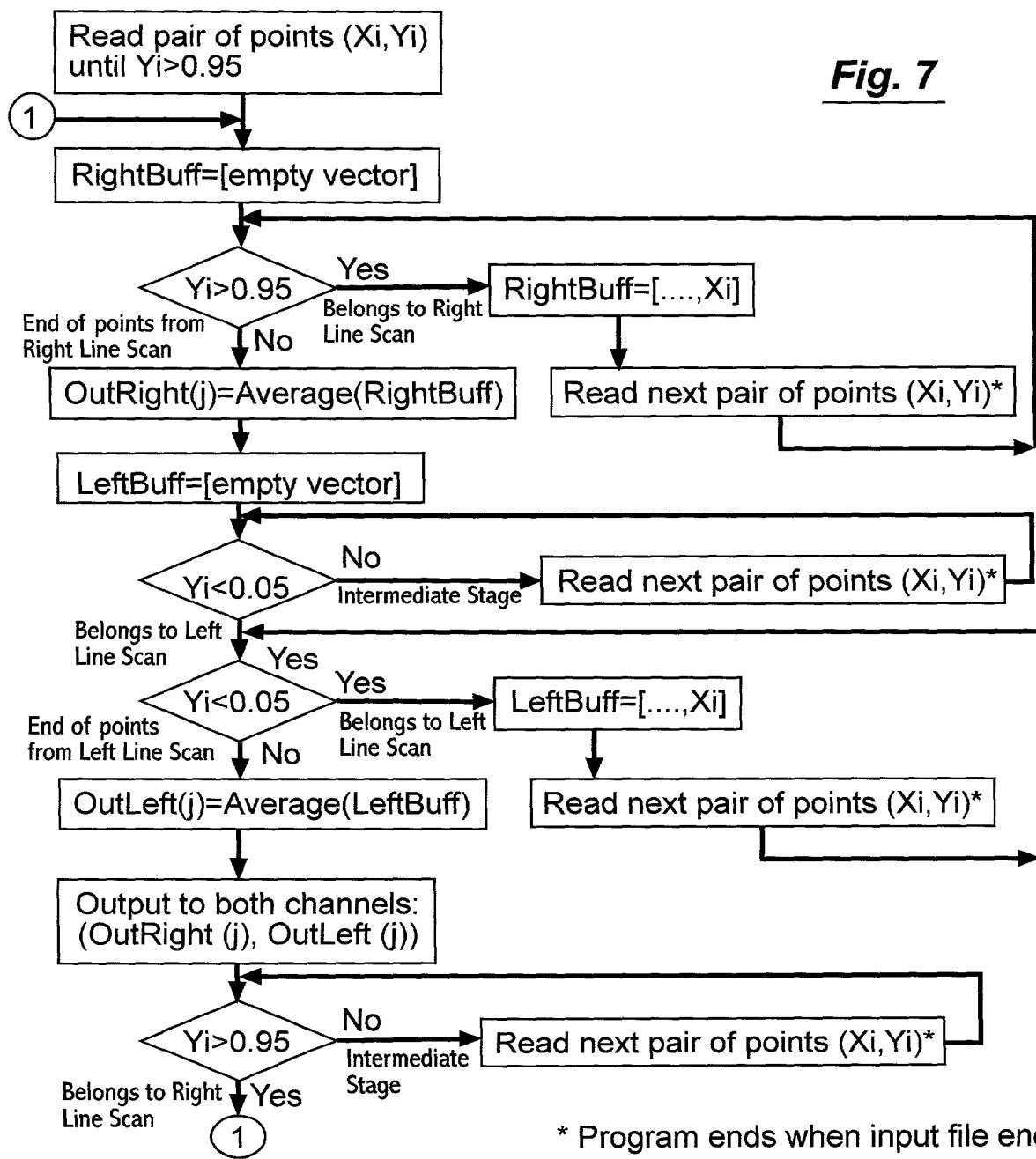
Input - two vectors: $Y(i)$ - channel 1 - square wave
- chopping signal, $0 \leq Y(i) \leq 1$ $X(i)$ - channel 2 -
fluorescence raw data - from the detecting region
(both line scan)

Usually Sampled at 40KHz

Output - two vectors: OutRight(j) - fluorescence from Right Line scan OutLeft(j) - fluorescence from Left Line scan

Usually Sampled
at 5KHz

The sampling rate of the output channels always equals the frequency of the chopping signal



* Program ends when input file ends

ArV1Analyzer

Input: two files (one for each line scan).

Each file contain 2 vectors one of the Positions ($P(i)$) and the other has the corresponding Area ($A(i)$)

Output: three vectors - Area, TimeDiff (inversely proportional to velocity), Position

Position Parameters that can be determined - MinTimeDiff, Mas/timeDiff

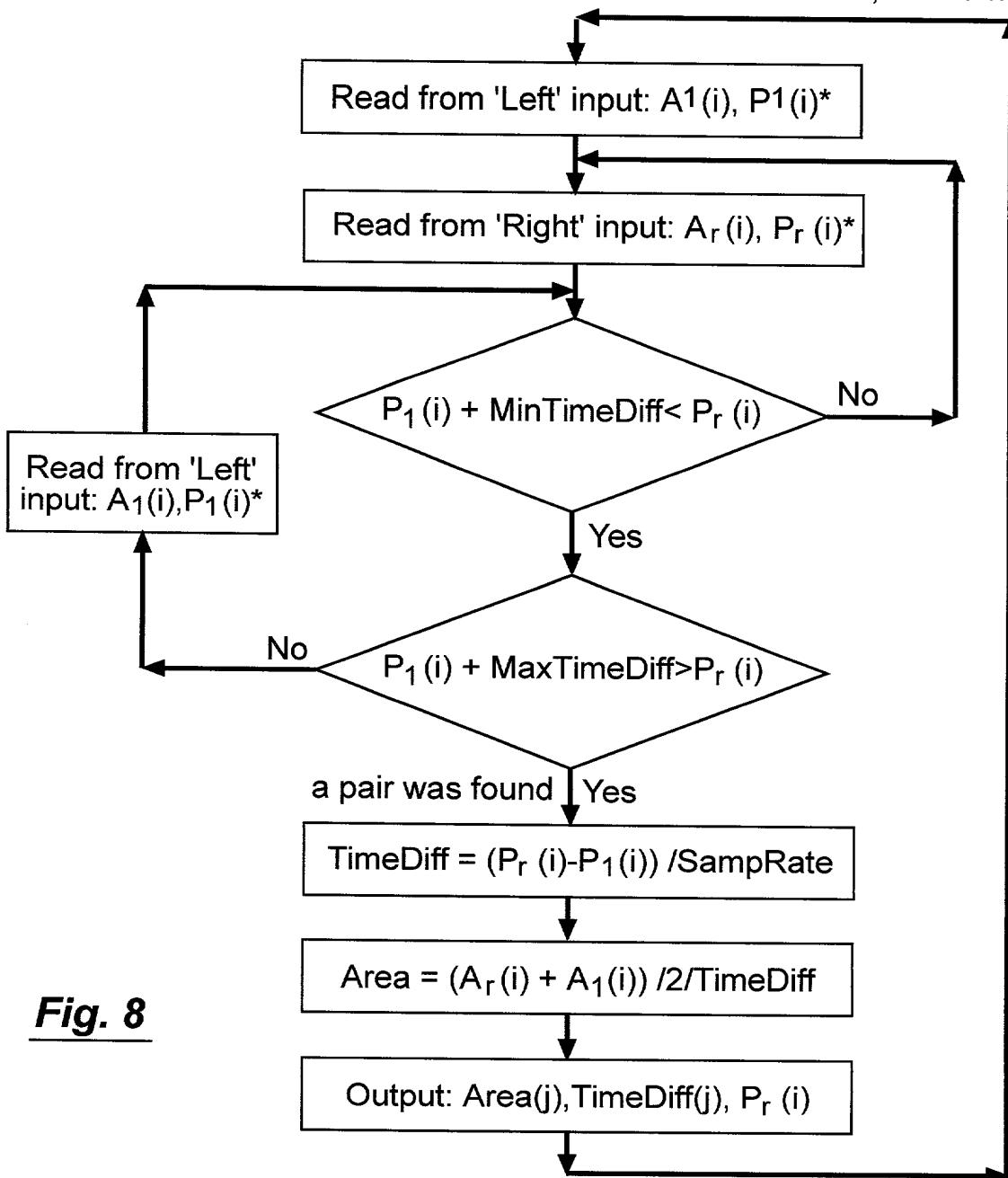


Fig. 8

Position is presented in point number and not time
TimeDiff is in Seconds and is inversely proportional to the velocity
*Program ends when one of the input files ends